## **Year 1 Science**

# NC Unit: Animals including humans (animals)

# What other types of living things are there?

# **Biology**

Diagram



### What should I already know?

- The names of some common animals.
- The parts of the human body and how they are associated with each sense.

### Big Ideas this works towards:

 The different kinds of life, animals, plants and microorganisms, have evolved over millions of generations into different forms in order to survive in the environments in which they live.

in which they live.					
What will I know by the end of the unit?					
What are vertebrates?	Vertebrates are animals that have a backbone. There are five groups of vertebrates:  mammals  fish  birds  reptiles  amphibians				
What are mammals?	<ul> <li>give birth to live young</li> <li>usually have hair or fur</li> <li>warm-blooded</li> <li>cannot breathe underwater</li> <li>some common mammals are:         <ul> <li>pets such as dogs, cats, hamsters</li> <li>farm animals such as cows, sheep and horses</li> <li>wild animals such as foxes, hedgehogs, lions and giraffes</li> <li>humans</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
What are fish?	<ul> <li>have fins and scales</li> <li>breathe underwater using gills</li> <li>lay eggs in water</li> <li>cold-blooded</li> <li>some common fish are salmon, cod and tuna</li> </ul>				
What are birds?	<ul> <li>warm-blooded</li> <li>have wings and beaks</li> <li>have feathers</li> <li>lay eggs</li> <li>some common birds are ducks, chickens, penguins and pigeons</li> </ul>				
What are reptiles?	<ul> <li>cold-blooded</li> <li>lay eggs</li> <li>have scales</li> <li>cannot breathe underwater</li> <li>some common reptiles are snakes and lizards</li> </ul>				
What are amphibians?	<ul> <li>cold-blooded</li> <li>lay eggs</li> <li>live on land and water - can breathe underwater through gills</li> <li>some common amphibians are frogs and toads</li> </ul>				
What are invertebrates?	<ul> <li>Invertebrates are animals that do not have a backbone.</li> <li>They include:         <ul> <li>insects such as flies, ladybirds and bees</li> <li>arachnids such as spiders</li> <li>molluscs such as snails</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				

# vertebrates vertebrates invertebrates invertebrates mammals fish insects molluses reptiles amphibians arachnids

# What do animals eat?

- Animals that only eat meat (other animals) are called carnivores (examples include lions and eagles.
- Animals that only eat plants are called herbivores (examples include cows and giraffes)
- Animals that eat plants and meat are called **omnivores** (examples include humans and squirrels)

Vocabulary				
backbone	the column of small linked bones down the middle of your back			
carnivores	an animal that eats meat			
cold-blooded	a body temperature that changes according to the surrounding temperature			
environment	all the circumstances, people, things, and events around them that influence their life			
farm	an area of land used to produce crops or to breed animals and livestock			
gills	the organs on the sides of fish and other water creatures through which they breathe			
herbivore	an animal that only eats plants			
invertebrate	a creature that does not have a spine, for example an insect, a worm, or an octopus			
omnivore	person or animal eats all kinds of food, including both meat and plants			
pet	a tame animal kept in a household			
temperature	a measure of how hot or cold something is			
vertebrate	a creature which has a backbone			
warm-blooded	a fairly high body <b>temperature</b> which does not change much and is not affected by the surrounding <b>temperature</b>			
wild	animals or plants that live or grow in natural surroundings and are not looked after by people			