

Ashleigh Primary School and Nursery All Different, All Equal, All Learning

SEND Information Report 2023-2024

Publication date: November 2023

Review date: July 2024



At Ashleigh Primary School and Nursery, we believe in participation for all which is emphasised through our school motto 'All Different, All Equal, All Learning.' We want to create an inclusive culture in our school and we strive to be responsive to the diversity of the children's backgrounds, interests, experiences, knowledge and skills, so that all children are equipped with the skills they need to be successful learners and make the best possible progress.

This SEND Information Report details the range of provision and support which is available to identified children, where it is deemed appropriate. This is under continuous review and subject to change dependent on budgetary constraints, staffing availability and policy review.

Our SEND cluster policy can be found here.

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School contacts



Headteacher – Mr John McConnell (Working days Monday-Friday)

Inclusion Lead - Mrs Hannah Meek (Working days Monday-Wednesday)

SENDCo – Miss Danni Lacey (Working days Monday-Friday)

SEND Governor – Mrs Maria Cornish

To get in touch with any of the above, contact the school office.







Glossary of useful terms:



AAM - All About Me

ADHD - Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder

CAMHS - Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service

C&L - Cognition and Learning

C&I - Communication and Interaction

EHCP - Education and Health Care Plan

EYFS - Early Years Foundation Stage

HI - Hearing Impairment

LAC - Looked After Child

MLD - Moderate Learning Difficulties

MSI - Multi-Sensory Impairment

PD - Professional Development

PEP - Personal Education Plan

PMLD - Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulties

PP - Pupil Premium

SEMH - Social, Emotional and Mental Health

SEN - Special Educational Needs

SENCo - Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator

SEND - Special Educational Needs and Disability

SLCN - Speech, Language and Communication Needs

SLD - Severe Learning Difficulties

SpLD - Specific Learning Difficulties

SPN - Sensory or Physical Needs

VI - Visual Impairment

VS - Virtual School

What is SEND?



At different times in their school career, a child or young person may have a special educational need. The **Code of Practice** defines SEND as:

A child or young person has an SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for them. A child of compulsory school age or young person has a learning difficulty or disability if they: a)Have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age; or

b) Have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools."

If a learner is identified as having SEN, we will provide provision that is 'additional to or different from' the normal differentiated curriculum, intended to overcome the barrier/s to their learning.

What kinds of SEND do we support?

At Ashleigh, we provide support across the four broad areas of need as detailed in the SEN Code of Practice:



Communication and interaction: Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication.

Cognition and learning: Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation.

Social, emotional and mental health difficulties: Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour.

Sensory and/or physical needs: Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time.

SEND Profile (2023-2024)

We currently have 17.8% of pupils identified as having SEND. 3.3% of children at Ashleigh have an EHCP.

14.5% of children at Ashleigh are receiving SEN support. These percentages are made up of the following groups:

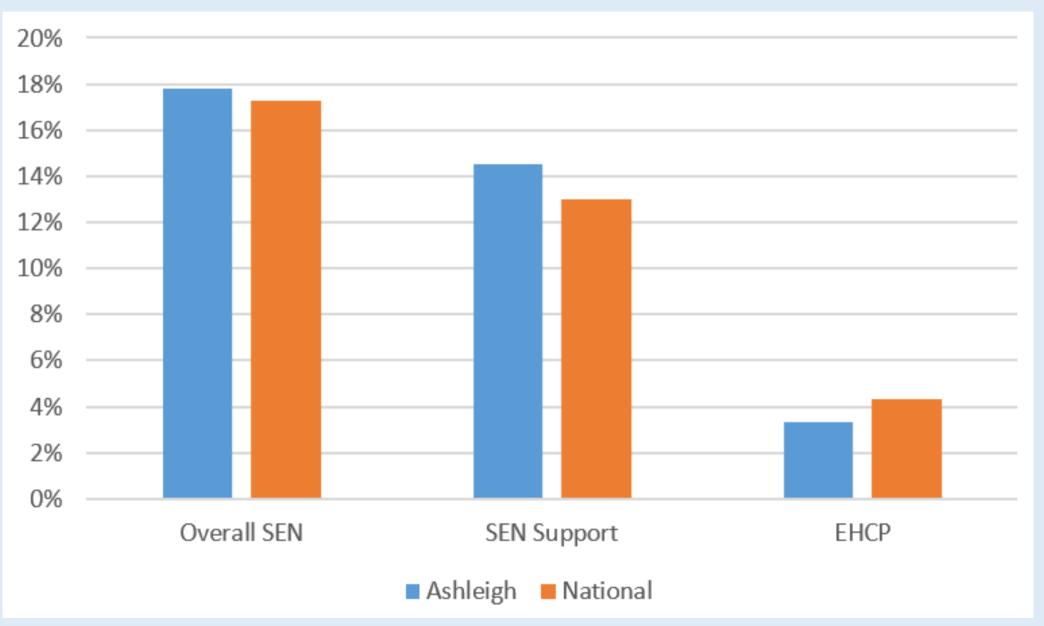
38.8% (6.8% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Communication and Interaction.

22% (3.9% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Cognition and Learning.

30.2% (5.3% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Social, Emotional and Mental Health.

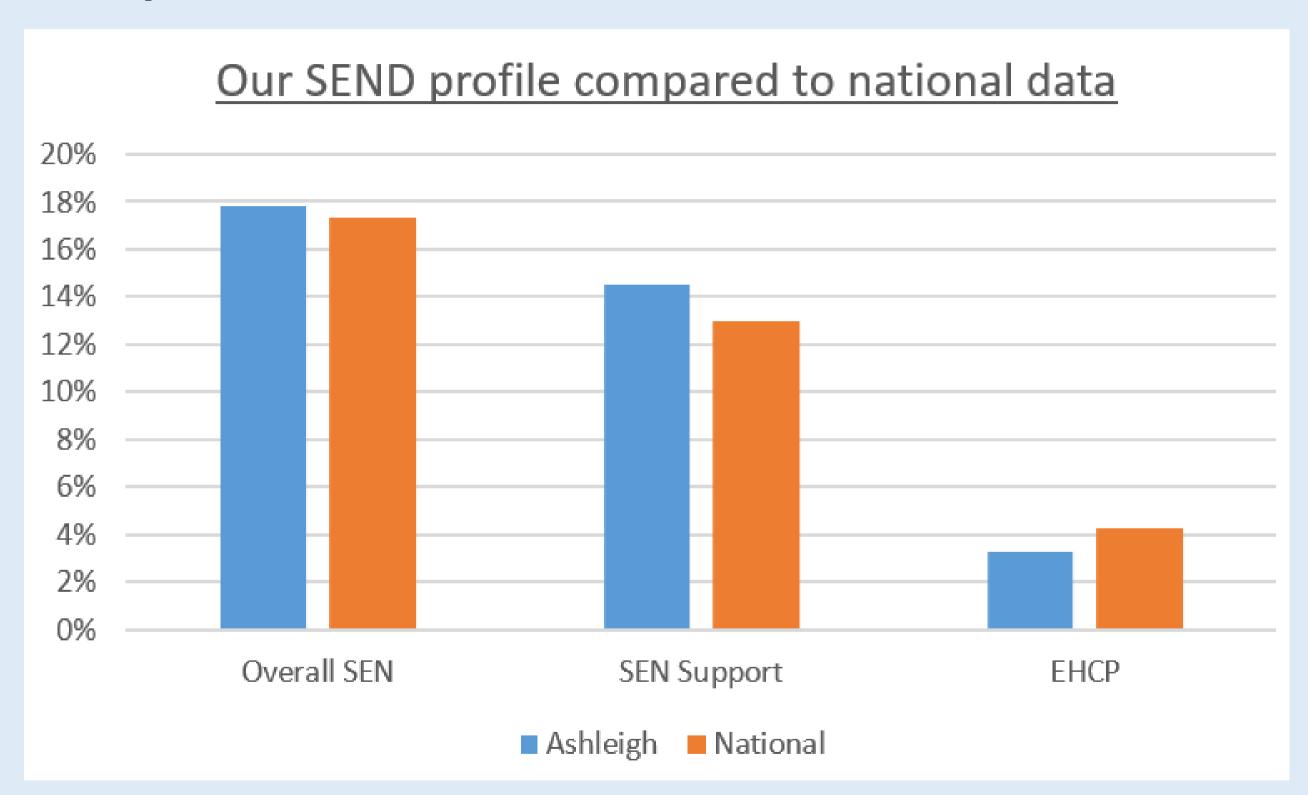
9.3% (1.6% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Physical and/or Sensory needs.





Many of our pupils have needs across more than one of these groups. These figures show the primary need.

National comparisons



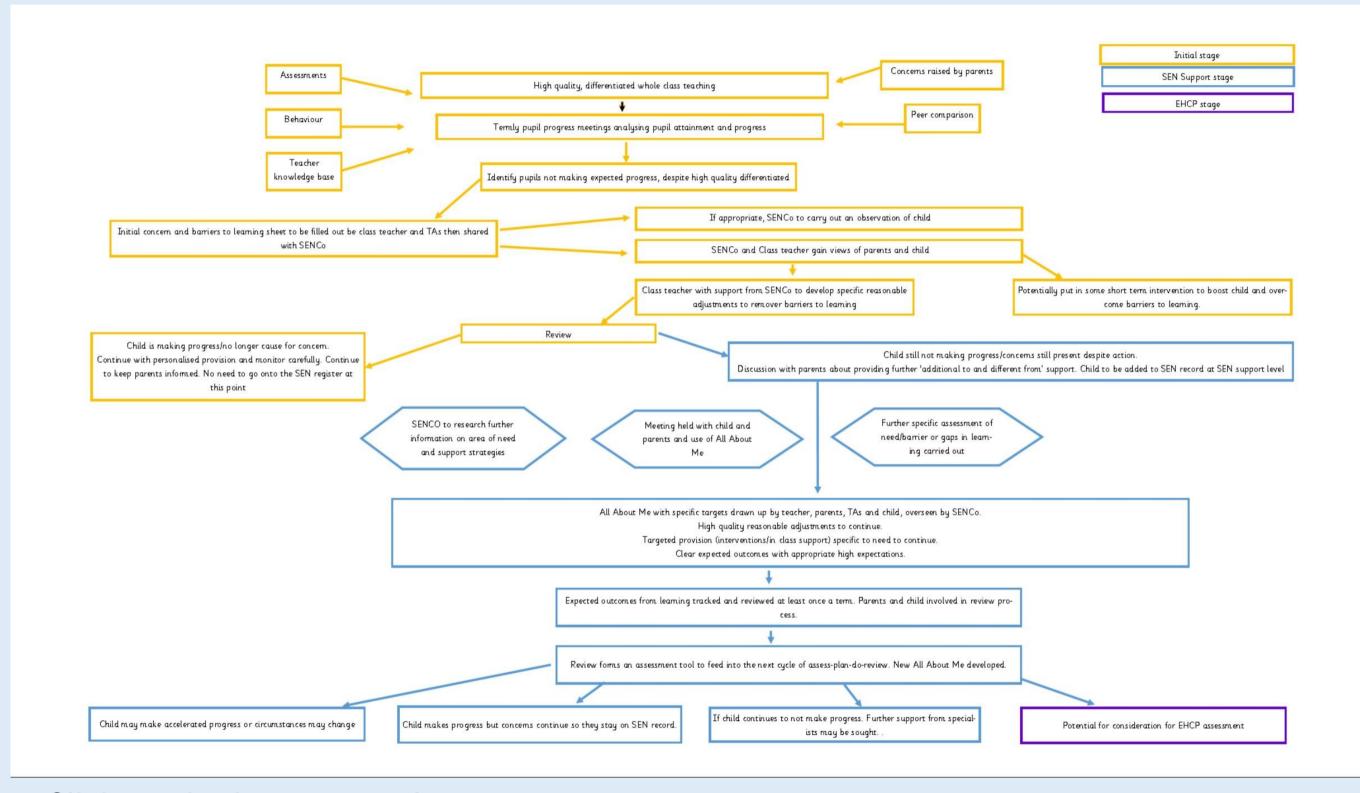


For national data, visit:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/statistics-special-educational-needs-sen

How do we identify the Special Educational Needs of children?





Click on the image to enlarge.

We believe in achievement for all which is emphasised through our school motto 'All Different, All Equal, All Learning.' Our aim is to create a learning environment which is flexible to meet the needs of all of our learners. As stated in the Teaching Standards and the Code of Practice, the class teacher remains responsible for ensuring all children, including those with SEND, make progress.



Quality First Teaching:

The first step in responding to the needs of children with SEN, is 'Quality First' teaching. This ensures that personalised approaches are incorporated into the learning environment to meet the needs of our learners with SEN. Teachers have the highest expectations for all pupils in their class. Teaching is built on what the child already knows and can do. Different ways of teaching are in place so that all pupils are fully involved in the classroom learning, through effective challenge and differentiation.

Specific strategies, which may be suggested by the SENCo or outside agencies, are used to support children with SEN to learn. Staff will keep parents/carers informed with how children are progressing, along with any successes of concerns. Children's progress is constantly monitored, assessed and reviewed to ensure that any gaps in their learning will be identified and addressed.



Targeted Interventions:

Where a specific learning need has been identified, targeted intervention may be in place. This may run in the classroom or in separate sessions outside of whole class teaching. They may be delivered by a teacher or teaching assistant and are usually group sessions to target a group of pupils with a similar need. Targets will be identified before the intervention begins and their impact will be reviewed and assessed once complete.

Specialist, Individual Interventions:

For some children, it will be necessary to provide a highly tailored, bespoke intervention to meet a child's needs. In some occasions, this may involve 1-1 support after extensive support from outside agencies. Some children will have access to aids and materials to support their learning, for example ear defenders, fidget toys and wobble cushions.

Cognition and Learning				
Possible needs/difficulties	Prov	<u>Provision</u>		
 Reading and spelling Learning new information and concepts Working with numbers Specific diagnosis such as dyslexia or dyscalculia Working memory Concentration Organisational skills 	 Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery A broad and balanced curriculum Adult support in lessons to scaffold learning Learning scaffolded with adapted resources such as writing frames Individual timetables to support brain breaks and extra processing time Now and next boards Re-capping of prior learning in each lesson Modified arrangements for accessing tests 	 Working walls which display key learning and key vocabulary Short, clear instructions Classrooms that are accepting of mistakes and appreciate that they can help us learn Access to concrete resources Visual prompts to remind children of a task Technology such as voice recorders Modified arrangements for accessing tests Enhanced transitions Cooperative learning strategies The use of our guiding stars 	 Dyslexia Gold Precision teaching Read, Write Inc. phonics PiXL interventions TT Rockstars Pre and post teaching PIVATS assessments Coloured overlays Clicker software Referrals to specialist services ATT Numicon: Breaking Barriers Super Speed 1000 Spelling frame 	

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Communication and Interaction				
<u>Possible</u> needs/difficulties	<u>P</u>	<u>rovision</u>	Specific interventions and support	
 Understanding language (receptive) Using language (expressive) Understanding how to communicate with other people (social communication) Attention and listening Stammering Conditions including Specific Language Disorder, speech sound disorders and Autism Spectrum Condition 	 Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery Visual aids such as key vocabulary (word banks), mind maps and diagrams Visual timetables and clear and consistent routines Adult support to scaffold learning Thinking time given before expecting a response Now and next boards 	 Recording devices Individual workstations Social stories Enhanced transitions Modelling of good language Providing plenty of opportunities for speech throughout learning Printed instructions and checklists Individual timetables to support brain breaks and extra processing time Cooperative learning strategies The use of our guiding stars 	 NELI Talk Boost Referrals to speech and language Specific speech and language intervention as directed by a speech therapist Referrals to specialist support ELSA DESTY Wellcomm assessment and intervention Just One Norfolk – speech sound intervention videos 	



	Social, Emotional and Mental Health Needs				
<u>Possible</u> needs/difficult	<u>ties</u>	<u>Pro</u>	<u>vision</u>	Specific interventions and support	
 Forming and maint relationships Withdrawn and/or Anxiety Behaviours that intwith learning Behaviours that porisk to themselves others Disorders such as ADD, attachment of Eating disorders Low self-esteem Hyperactive and la concentration 	isolated terfere ose a or ADHD, disorder	 Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery RSHE curriculum that promotes health and wellbeing A nurturing ethos across the school Clear classroom routines, supported by the three reminders Whole school behaviour approach A Norfolk Steps approach to behaviour management 	 Access to quiet space in the classroom Mental health champion Visual timetables and now and next boards School council LINKS cluster SEN group E-safety teaching Anti-bullying week Classroom worry monsters Enhanced transitions Whole school THRIVE assessments Cooperative learning strategies The use of our guiding stars Social stories 	 THRIVE/ELSA Benjamin Foundation Nurture groups Referral to Ormiston Families Sensory circuits Referrals to specialist support and multi-agency working including the Family Support Process Lego therapy ELSA DESTY Risk assessments Reward charts Norfolk Steps Trauma informed Practitioner Lunchtime nurture sessions 	

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	Sensory and/or Physical Needs
<u>Possible</u>	<u>Provision</u>

<u>Possible</u>		
needs/difficulties		
 Visual impairment 	•	
 Hearing impairment 		
 Multi-sensory 		
impairment		
 Gross motor 	•	
difficulties		
 Fine motor 		
difficulties	•	
 Self-organisation for 		
daily living		
 Diagnosed 	•	
conditions such as		
cerebral palsy and	•	
dyspraxia		

- Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery
- An environment which values diversity and encourages respect
- An accessible sight with adaptions made where needed
- Printed copies of materials being used on the board
- Seating adjustments dependent on physical or sensory barrier
- Enhanced transition
- The use of our guiding stars

- Disabled toilets with medical
 bed
- Specialist equipment including overlays, sloping board and pencil grips
- Recording technology
- Modified assessment papers
- Additional scaffolding support from classroom teaching assistant
- Writing on displays, onwhiteboards and worksheetsin an accessible font
- Left handed seating (where necessary) and equipment
- Large print

- Specific interventions and support
- Support from outside agencies such as physiotherapy and occupational therapy
- Sensory circuits
- Sensory room
- Funky Fingers
- Speed Up! Handwriting
- ATT
- Care plans
- Ear defenders
- Writing slopes
- Referrals to specialist services including the virtual school.
- Different colour reading overlays



SEN and EAL

"Identifying and assessing SEN for young children whose first language is not English requires particular care." (SEN Code of Practice, 2015)

Being able to speak more than one language is something we celebrate at Ashleigh.

When a child who has English as an additional language is being considered for having an SEN, we have to look carefully at all aspects of a child's performance in different areas of learning and development to establish whether a lack of progress is due to limitations in their command of English or if it arises from SEN or a disability.

Difficulties related solely to limitations in English as an additional language are not SEN.

What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN? **Specialists and External Agencies**

At Ashleigh, we will value the advice and expertise from specialists and external agencies. Wherever possible, we aim to implement the suggestions made. Below are some of the specialists we regularly work alongside:

Dyslexia Outreach Provides dyslexia-friendly support and strategies.

Just One Norfolk Supports a range of health needs.

Point 1 Supporting mental health for children

School and Community Team

Advice and support for children with emerging SEND needs.

Access Through **Technology**

Can provide equipment to support children to access the curriculum

Ormiston Families

Working with families and offering support to school for children with mild-moderate mental health difficulties.

School 2 School

Access to expertise from specialist provision schools in Norfolk, can offer training or support for a specific child.

Educational Psychologist (EPSS)

Identify barriers to learning and underlying needs.

Paediatrician

neurodevelopmental concerns

Physiotherapist and occupational therapist Specialist assessment and intervention for children with physical difficulties and helping to support independence.

Inclusion Team

Advice to support

children who are finding

accessing mainstream

provision challenging.

Speech and language therapist Assessments of speech/language/communicati on needs and provide interventions.

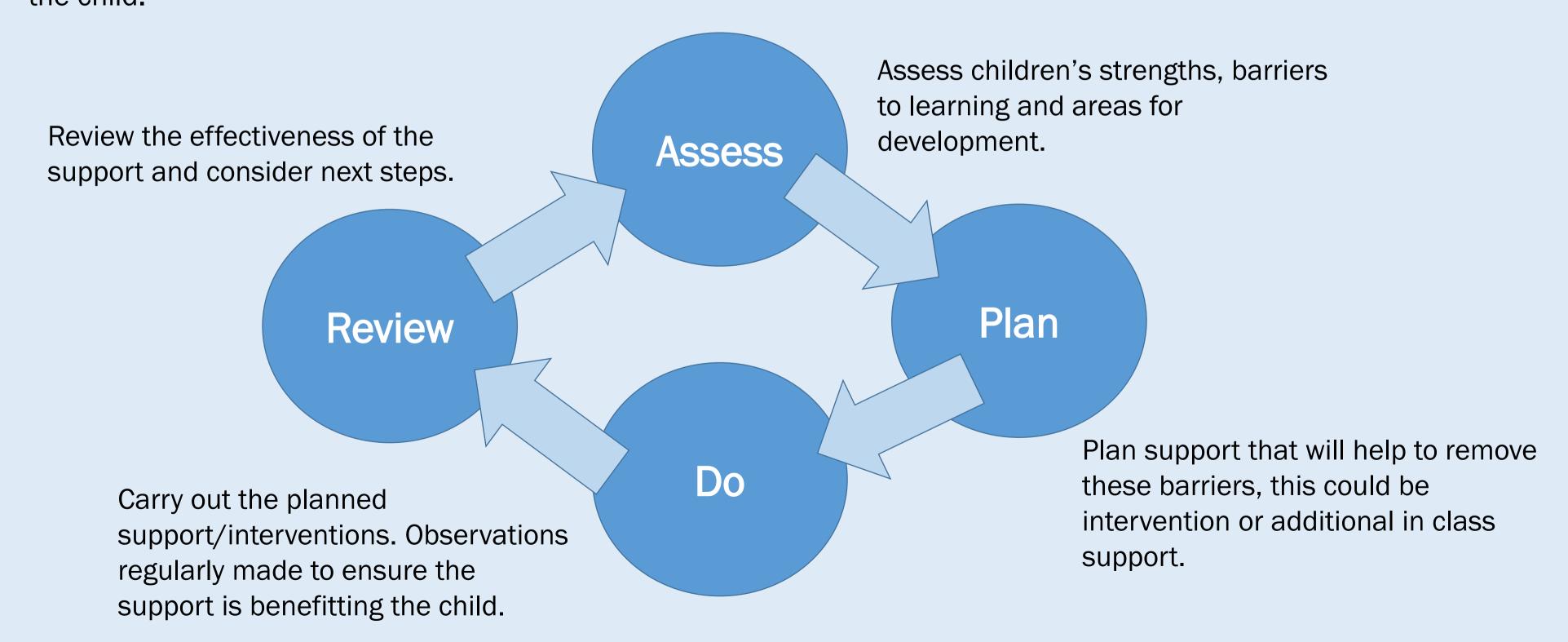
Virtual School Virtual School for Looked After Children and Virtual **School Sensory Support**

Health needs and

How do we assess and review children's progress? The Graduated Approach

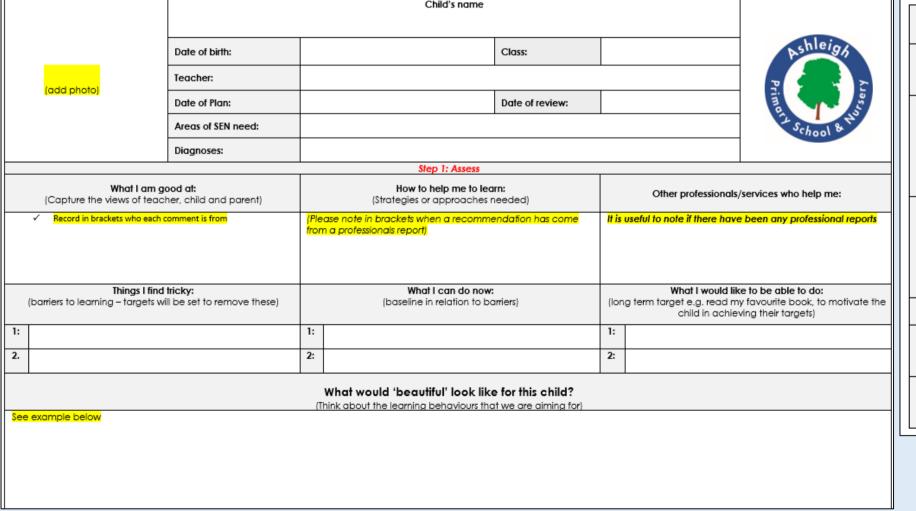
Once a child has been identified as having an SEN, we follow the four stages of assess, plan, do, review to ensure the individual needs of the child are being met. This cycle involves staff, parents and the child.





How do we assess and review children's progress? All About Mes

As part of the graduated approach (our assess, plan, do, review), support is recorded on an All About Me which is written collaboratively with the parent and child.



Step 2: Plan		Step 3: Do		Step 4: Review		
What I want to do next: (a 'plus one' target which is achievable in a term to work towards removing the barriers to learning)		h is achievable in a term to work	How I will achieve this target: (action that is additional to and different from quality first teaching – include all interventions and how child can be supported at home)		(impact the targe	How I got on with this target: et has had on the child's learning - next steps argets on next plan)
1:			At school I will:	At home I will:		
Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number 1 above and is working towards the long term 'what beautiful looks like'			At school I will:	At home I will:		
Note: If a child achieves a target before the end of term, use a new copy of this page to set a new target						
Signed by child:			Date	:		
Signed by parent/ carer:					Date	:
	1:	What I v (a 'plus one' target which towards removing Make sure this is a 'plu 1 above and is working beautiful looks like' Make sure this is a 'plu 1 above and is working beautiful looks like' Signed by child:	What I want to do next: (a 'plus one' target which is achievable in a term to work towards removing the barriers to learning) Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number 1 above and is working towards the long term 'what beautiful looks like' Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number 1 above and is working towards the long term 'what beautiful looks like' Note: If a child ach Signed by child:	What I want to do next: (a 'plus one' target which is achievable in a term to work towards removing the barriers to learning) Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number a beautiful looks like' Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number beautiful looks like' At school I will: Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number beautiful looks like' Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number a beautiful looks like' Note: If a child achieves a target before the end of term, use a signed by child: Signed by child:	What I want to do next: (a 'plus one' target which is achievable in a term to work towards removing the barriers to learning) Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number I above and is working towards the long term 'what beautiful looks like' Make sure this is a 'plus one' target which links to number I above and is working towards the long term 'what beautiful looks like' At school I will: At home I will: Note: If a child achieves a target before the end of term, use a new copy of this page Signed by child: Signed by Signed by	How I will achieve this target: (a 'plus one' target which is achievable in a term to work towards removing the barriers to learning) (action that is additional to and different from quality first teaching – include all interventions and how child can be supported at home)

How do we assess and review children's progress? Assessment Tools

We use a range of assessments to help measure progress, from a specific starting point. Below are our most commonly used assessment tools:

- Boxall Profile (SEMH)
- PiXL assessments (cognition and learning)
- PiXL reading speed tests (cognition and learning)
- Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SEMH)
- NELI and Talk Boost assessments (speech and language)
- ELSA assessments (SEMH)
- DETSY assessments (SEMH)



Where necessary, we will commission external agencies (such as Educational Psychologists or Dyslexia Outreach) to complete more specialised assessments.

How do we assess and review children's progress? Applying for an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)



"The majority of children and young people with SEN or disabilities will have their needs met within local mainstream early years settings, schools or colleges. Some children and young people may require an EHC needs assessment in order for the local authority to decide whether it is necessary for it to make provision in accordance with an EHC plan." (SEN Code of Practice, 2015)

The following people can request an Education, Health and Care needs assessment for a child:

- The child's parent
- A young person between the ages of 16 and 25
- A person acting on behalf of a school

Where a child has an EHCP, there will be an annual review held which will take into account the views of the child, parent or carer and any other professionals involved with the child.

More information can be found here: https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer/education-and-learning/support-for-learning/education-health-and-care-ehc-plans

What are our roles and responsibilities?

Headteacher	SENDCo
 Managing the day to day life of all aspects of the school, including the support for children with SEND. Ensuring the governing body is kept up to date about issues relating to SEND. Ensuring that the school is implementing a broad and balanced curriculum for all of its learners. Ensuring the school has ambitious expectations for all pupils, including those with SEND. Appointing a SENCo Supports the SENCo in ensuring the school is fulfilling its statutory duties in line with the Code of Practice. 	 Ensuring staff are aware of individual children's needs and ensuring that reasonable adjustments are in place so that they are able to access the curriculum. Liaising with outside agencies to ensure appropriate support is in place. Liaising with new schools (particularly secondary school) around transition. Ensuring All About Mes are in place and assessing intervention grids for effectiveness. Applying for additional funding for high needs pupils. Managing the SEND budget and buying appropriate resources. Updating the school's SEND register Applying for EHCP assessments and reviewing these annually. Reviewing the school's SEND policy and SEN Information Report. Providing specialist support and training for teachers and support staff.



What are our roles and responsibilities?

and outside agencies to support your child's individual

Class teacher	Teaching assistants
 Monitoring the progress of the children in their class 	Working with the class teacher to ensure the needs of
and as a result, planning any additional support that they may need and making reasonable adjustments to	any children with SEND are being met in order for them to access the curriculum.
meet the needs of any pupil with SEN.	 Delivering high quality small group and 1:1 evidence
 Complete regular assessments (in line with the school 	based interventions.
assessment policy) to monitor progress.	 Encouraging children to remain focused on their
 Plan and assess the effectiveness of interventions. 	learning and helping to scaffold learning where
 Use ongoing assessments to write and review All About 	necessary.
Mes, alongside the pupil and their parents.	Observing and recording achievements and concerns. Francisco de la concerna
 Attend school training related to SEN. Ensuring that the school's SEND Policy, SEN Information 	 Empowering pupils to develop effective strategies that enable them to become independent learners.
Report, Anti Bullying Policy, Accessibility Policy,	 Supporting the implementation of differentiation and
Behaviour Policy and Equality Policy are followed in	specialist support strategies in the classroom.
 their classroom and for all the pupils they teach with 	 Supporting pupils to use and then develop
any SEND.	independence with resources such as ATT laptops,
 Working with parents/carers, pastoral staff, SENDCo 	coloured overlays etc.
and outside agencies to support your child's individual	
 Needs. Attend termly nunil progress meetings to discuss the 	
 Attend termly pupil progress meetings to discuss the needs of children with SEN. 	
 Working with parents/carers, pastoral staff, SENDCo 	



What are our roles and responsibilities?



SEN governor

- Making sure the necessary support is given for any child who attends the school, who has SEN.
- Meeting with the SENCo to evaluate the effectiveness of the school's work with SEN pupils and their families.
- Looking at the school data to measure and assess the progress of pupils with SEN.
- Raising awareness of SEN at governor meetings.
- Reviewing policies linked to SEN and ensuring the SEN Information Report is compliant.

How do we involve the children and their parents/carers in their education?

meetings to discuss progress and next steps. Contribute towards the termly All About Mes (and/or behaviour plans). Ommunicate with staff in person, via email or via the home learning platform (e.g. SeeSaw or Tapestry). of strength, difficulties and what helps them within the classroom. Where the child has an EHCP, share their views on how they are getting on with their education. Take part in interventions. Talk to adults about any concerns or worries that they	Parent	Child
School Council class/whole school meetings.	Contribute towards the termly All About Mes (and/or behaviour plans). Communicate with staff in person, via email or via the home learning platform (e.g. SeeSaw or Tapestry).	 of strength, difficulties and what helps them within the classroom. Where the child has an EHCP, share their views on how they are getting on with their education. Take part in interventions. Talk to adults about any concerns or worries that they may be feeling Use resources to aid their learning and use these to help develop independence. Take part in annual school surveys, questionnaires and

What additional support is available to children with SEN?



Medical Needs

Any child that has a medical need, has a care plan and in some cases, a risk assessment. These are reviewed annually (or whenever there is a change is need, whichever is sooner). There are staff in every year group qualified in First Aid.

Any child that is unable to attend school due to a medical need will be referred to the Medical Needs Team. More information can be found using the following link:

https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer/education-and-learning/how-education-providers-support/medical-needs-education-provision

Extra-curricular activities

We believe that all learners are entitled to access extra-curricular activities and therefore we are committed to making reasonable adjustments to ensure participation for all. These include music lessons, football, dodgeball and dance.

There is also our breakfast and after-school club which is available to all pupils.

Access Arrangements

We understand that some children may need additional support in order to access exams. Arrangements should never benefit or disadvantage a child and any agreed support is based on normal classroom practice. Access arrangements are agreed on a case by case basis but could include scribes, larger print, rest breaks, readers and additional time.

How do we help children to prepare for the next step in their lives?



From Nursery to School	Moving Within the School	Moving to a New School
Transitions between our nursery teacher (or alternative nursery provision) and reception teachers to discuss strategies to support the child.	Transitions between current class teacher and new class teacher to discuss strategies to support the child. Transition day	Transition conversations between SENCo and SENCo at the new school. Additional visits to the new school, where possible.
Additional visits to the school to become familiar with environment, where necessary. Staggered and phased start to reception.	For some children with SEN, there will be a transition meeting with current class teacher, new class teacher and parents. Additional activities where needed such as transition booklets/pic collages.	SEN records shared with the new school. In some cases, staff from the new setting will visit the child in their current setting. Transition days

What SEN training opportunities have the staff received?

The school SENCo received the National Award in Special Educational Needs Coordination (NASENCo) in July 2019. The deputy head also holds this award.



Further training recently completed by staff:

- Step On training
- Step Up training
- Working memory training
- Precision teaching
- ARTiculate training
- Sensory circuit training
- TalkBoost training
- PIVATS training
- Acquired brain injury training
- SENCo attends SEND forum which provides updates from local authority SEN advisors
- SENCo attends Essential SENCo Network which provides updates and training opportunities
- ELSA training
- Numicon: Breaking Barriers training
- Trauma informed practice training
- DESTY Island Emotional Resilience Programme training

Future training:

Staff training is regularly reviewed and assessed in line with the needs of the children. Upcoming training currently involves understanding how to support children with neurodevelopmental conditions, particularly ASD and ADHD.



How has school funding supported SEN provision?



Information on how much notional funding the school receives can be found here:

https://csapps.norfolk.gov.uk/BudgetShare/default.aspx

Funding for financial year 2023-2024: £172,290

How notional funding has been used:

- Access to specialist services, including Educational Psychologists and the Dyslexia Outreach team.
- Specialist resources.
- Additional adult support
- Staff training

Element 3 funding:

If a child has needs that cannot be met within the school's notional funding budget, element 3 and exceptional needs funding can be applied for.

What support services are available for parents and carers of children with SEN?



Norfolk SENDIASS (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Information, Advice and Support Service)

SENDIASS offer information, advice and support to children, young people and parents/carers about special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). This includes health and social care where it is linked to education. They are a free, dedicated, confidential and impartial service based in Norwich. Staff are independently trained in SEND.

Website : https://www.norfolksendiass.org.uk/

Phone **:** 01603 704070

To find out more about what they can offer, click on the image below:



What support services are available for parents and carers of children with SEN?

		2 Sch
Organisation	What do they do?	Contact details
Just One Norfolk	Single point of access for all Norfolk Healthy Child Services including speech and language therapy.	Phone : 0300 300 0123 Website: https://www.justonenorfolk.nhs.uk/
		. , , ,
Family Voice Norfolk	Ran by parents and carers of children with special educational needs and/or disabilities in Norfolk. Their aim is to improve services for children by ensuring that families' voices are heard by decision makers.	Phone 1 : 07950 302937 Website : https://www.familyvoice.org.uk/
Ormiston Families	Providing a range of services to support positive mental health across Norfolk.	Phone : 01473 724517 Website: https://www.ormiston.org/what-wedo/mental-health-and-wellbeing/
Benjamin Foundation	Helping children overcome challenges, including emotional wellbeing support.	Phone : 01603 615670 Website: https://benjaminfoundation.co.uk/
Norfolk Early Help and Family Support	A service offering help and support for family difficulties or for parents who are worried about their children.	Website : https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children- and-families/early-help-and-family-support/get- early-help-and-family-support

What is the Norfolk Local Offer?



"Local authorities must publish a Local Offer, setting out in one place information about provision they expect to be available across education, health and social care for children and young people in their area who have SEN or are disabled, including those who do not have Education, Health and Care (EHC) plans."

It has two key purposes:

- 1. To provide clear, comprehensive, accessible and up-to-date information about the available provision and how to access it.
- 2. To make provision more responsive to local needs and aspirations by directly involving disabled children and those with SEN and their parents, and disabled young people and those with SEN, and service providers in its development and review.

It can be accessed by clicking on the link: https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer

This Ashleigh SEN Information Report for 2021-2022 forms part of the Norfolk Local Offer for learners with Special Educational Needs (SEND).

Links to school policies



Accessibility Policy

Admissions Policy

Behaviour Policy

Equality Policy

Medical Needs Policy

Positive Mental Health
Policy

Safeguarding Policy

SEND Policy

Touch and Physical Contact Policy

Useful Links

SEND Code of Practice: **

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/send-code-of-practice-0-to-25

Autism Educational Trust:

www.autismeducationtrust.org.uk

ASD Helping Hands: www.asdhelpinghands.org.uk

Benjamin Foundation: <u>www.benjaminfoundation.co.uk</u>

British Dyslexia Association: www.bdadyslexia.org.uk

Dyslexia-SpLD Trust: www.thedyslexia-spldtrust.org.uk

Dyspraxia Foundation: https://example.com/byspraxiafoundation.org.uk

Ormiston Families: https://www.ormiston.org/



Have your say:

This SEN report declares our annual offer to learners with SEN, but to be effective it needs the views of all parents/carers, learners, governors and staff. Please contact us with any thoughts, opinions and ideas; we would love to hear them!

What can I do if I am not happy with the SEN provision for my child?

At Ashleigh, we aim to support all children to the best of our ability. However, if you have any concerns about the SEN provision for your child, please contact the class teacher in the first instance. If the situation cannot be resolved, please contact the SENDCo.

For further information about our complaints procedure, please see our complaints policy, using the link below:

http://www.ashleighprimary.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/Complaints-Policy-Nov-2018.pdf