



# **Ashleigh Primary School and Nursery**

**All Different, All Equal, All Learning**

## **SEND Information Report 2021-2022**

Publication date: October 2021

Review date: July 2022

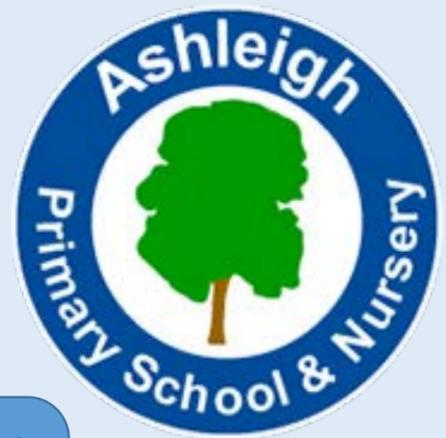


At Ashleigh Primary School and Nursery, we believe in participation for all. We want to create an inclusive culture in our school and we strive to be responsive to the diversity of the children's backgrounds, interests, experiences, knowledge and skills, so that all children are equipped with the skills they need to be successful learners and make the best possible progress.

This SEND Information Report details the range of provision and support which is available to identified children, where it is deemed appropriate. This is under continuous review and subject to change dependent on budgetary constraints, staffing availability and policy review.

Our SEND cluster policy can be found [here](#).

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## School contacts

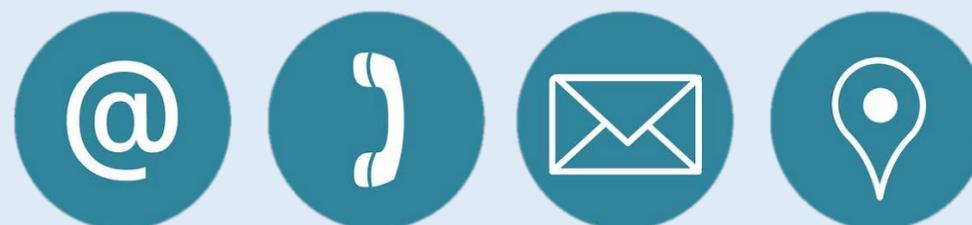
**Headteacher** – Mr John McConnell

**Inclusion Lead** – Mrs Hannah MEEK

**SENDCo** – Miss Amy Webb

**SEND governor** – Mrs Carolyn Ellis-Gage

To get in touch with any of the above, contact the school office.



# Glossary of useful terms:



AAM - All About Me

ADHD - Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

ASD - Autistic Spectrum Disorder

CAMHS - Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service

C&L - Cognition and Learning

C&I - Communication and Interaction

EHCP - Education and Health Care Plan

EYFS - Early Years Foundation Stage

HI - Hearing Impairment

LAC - Looked After Child

MLD - Moderate Learning Difficulties

MSI - Multi-Sensory Impairment

PD - Professional Development

PEP - Personal Education Plan

PMLD - Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulties

PP - Pupil Premium

SEMH - Social, Emotional and Mental Health

SEN - Special Educational Needs

SENCo - Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator

SEND - Special Educational Needs and Disability

SLCN - Speech, Language and Communication Needs

SLD - Severe Learning Difficulties

SpLD - Specific Learning Difficulties

SPN - Sensory or Physical Needs

VI - Visual Impairment

VS - Virtual School

# What is SEND?



At different times in their school career, a child or young person may have a special educational need. The **Code of Practice** defines SEND as:

A child or young person has an SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for them. A child of compulsory school age or young person has a learning difficulty or disability if they:

- a) Have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age; or
- b) Have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools.”

If a learner is identified as having SEN, we will provide provision that is ‘additional to or different from’ the normal differentiated curriculum, intended to overcome the barrier/s to their learning.

# What kinds of SEND do we support?



At Ashleigh, we provide support across the four broad areas of need as detailed in the SEN Code of Practice:

**Communication and interaction:** Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication.

**Cognition and learning:** Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation.

**Social, emotional and mental health difficulties:** Children and young people may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour.

**Sensory and/or physical needs:** Some children and young people require special educational provision because they have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and may fluctuate over time.

# SEND Profile (2021-2022)



We currently have 10.9% of pupils identified as having SEND.

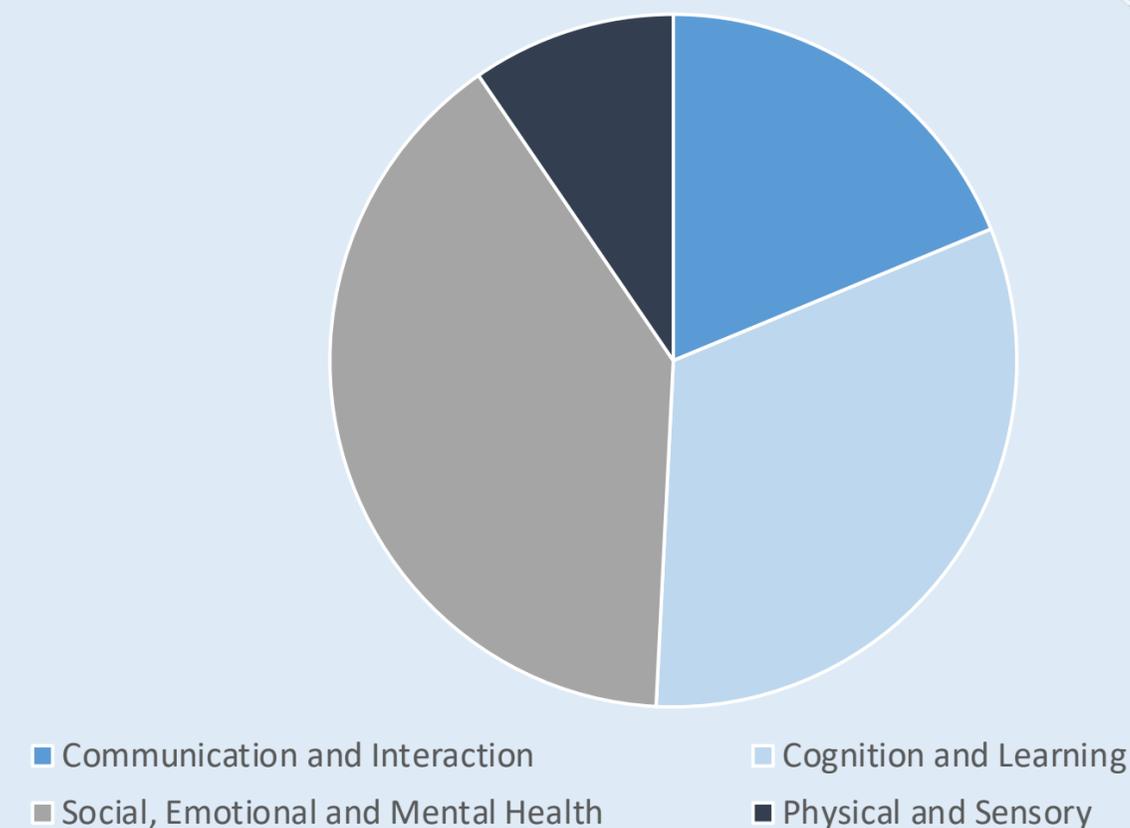
1.2% of children at Ashleigh have an EHCP. 9.7% of children at Ashleigh are receiving SEN support. These percentages are made up of the following groups:

18.8% (2% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Communication and Interaction.

32% (3.5% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Cognition and Learning.

39.6% (4.3% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Social, Emotional and Mental Health.

9.6% (1.1% of school) are identified as having an SEND linked to Physical and/or Sensory needs.

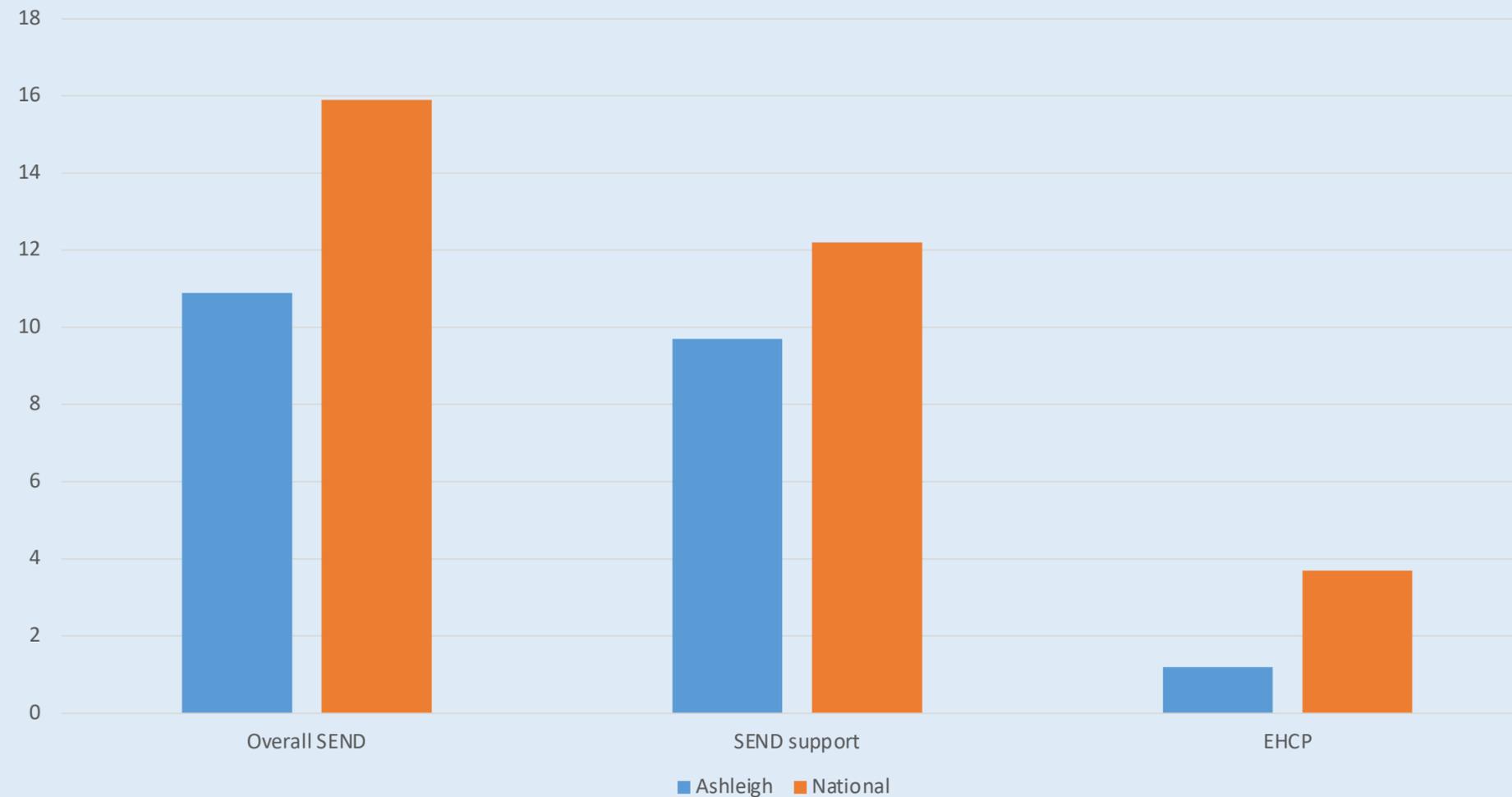


Many of our pupils have needs across more than one of these groups. These figures show the primary need.

# National comparisons



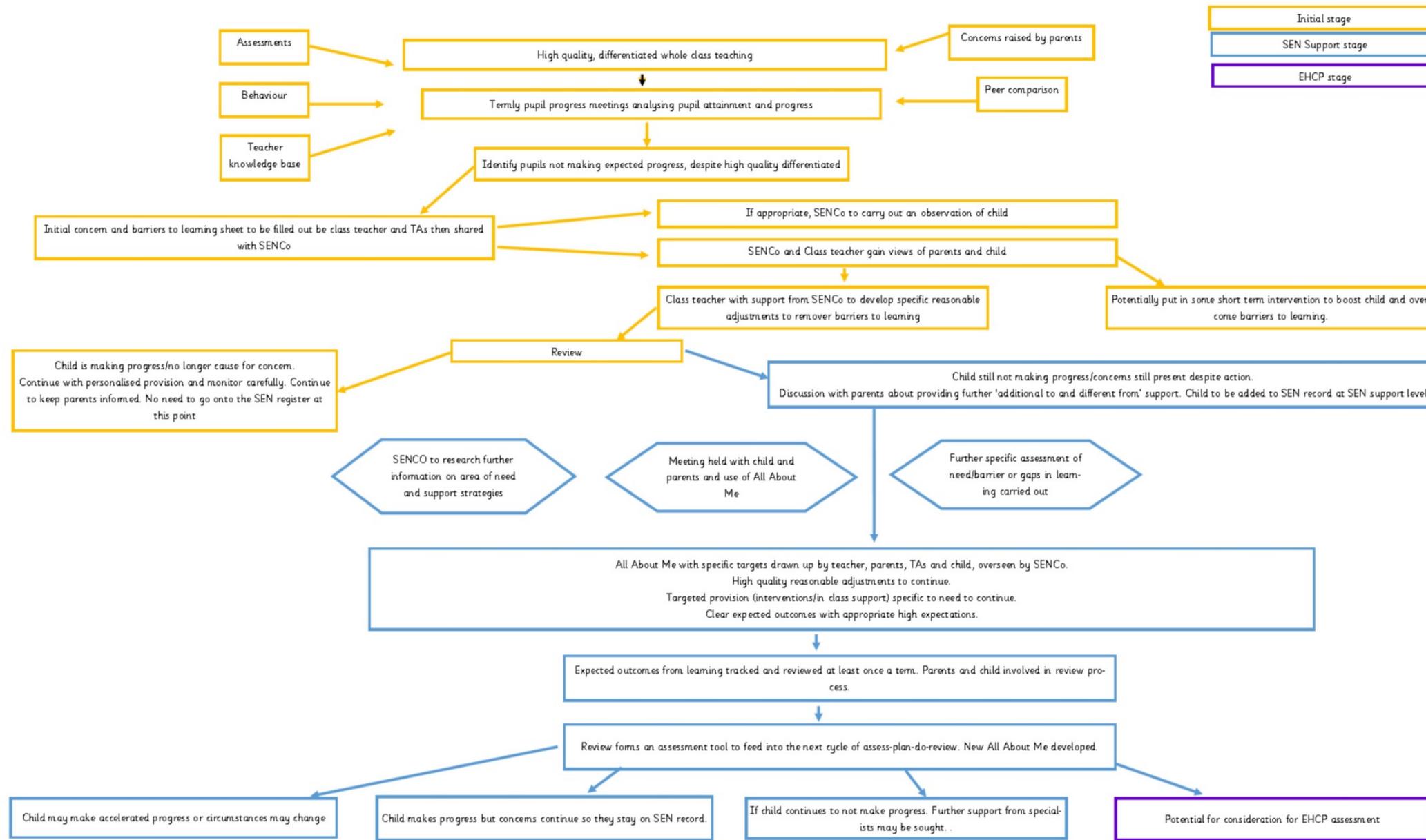
Our SEND profile compared to national data



For national data, visit:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/statistics-special-educational-needs-sen>

# How do we identify the Special Educational Needs of children?



Click on the image to enlarge.



# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?

We believe in achievement for all which is emphasised through our school motto 'All Different, All Equal, All Learning.' Our aim is to create a learning environment which is flexible to meet the needs of all of our learners. As stated in the Teaching Standards and the Code of Practice, the class teacher remains responsible for ensuring all children, including those with SEND, make progress.

## Quality First Teaching:

The first step in responding to the needs of children with SEN, is 'Quality First' teaching. This ensures that personalised approaches are incorporated into the learning environment to meet the needs of our learners with SEN. Teachers have the highest expectations for all pupils in their class. Teaching is built on what the child already knows and can do. Different ways of teaching are in place so that all pupils are fully involved in the classroom learning, through effective challenge and differentiation.

Specific strategies, which may be suggested by the SENCo or outside agencies, are used to support children with SEN to learn. Staff will keep parents/carers informed with how children are progressing, along with any successes or concerns. Children's progress is constantly monitored, assessed and reviewed to ensure that any gaps in their learning will be identified and addressed.



# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?

## Targeted Interventions:

Where a specific learning need has been identified, targeted intervention may be in place. This may run in the classroom or in separate sessions outside of whole class teaching. They may be delivered by a teacher or teaching assistant and are usually group sessions to target a group of pupils with a similar need. Targets will be identified before the intervention begins and their impact will be reviewed and assessed once complete.

## Specialist, Individual Interventions:

For some children, it will be necessary to provide a highly tailored, bespoke intervention to meet a child's needs. In some occasions, this may involve 1-1 support after extensive support from outside agencies. Some children will have access to aids and materials to support their learning, for example ear defenders, fidget toys and wobble cushions.

# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?



## Cognition and Learning

<u>Possible needs/difficulties</u>	<u>Provision</u>		<u>Specific interventions and support</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reading and spelling</li> <li>• Learning new information and concepts</li> <li>• Working with numbers</li> <li>• Specific diagnosis such as dyslexia or dyscalculia</li> <li>• Working memory</li> <li>• Concentration</li> <li>• Organisational skills</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery</li> <li>• A broad and balanced curriculum</li> <li>• Adult support in lessons to scaffold learning</li> <li>• Learning scaffolded with adapted resources such as writing frames</li> <li>• Individual timetables to support brain breaks and extra processing time</li> <li>• Re-capping of prior learning in each lesson</li> <li>• Modified arrangements for accessing tests</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Word mats</li> <li>• Working walls which display key learning</li> <li>• Short, clear instructions</li> <li>• Classrooms that are accepting of mistakes and appreciate that they can help us learn</li> <li>• Access to concrete resources</li> <li>• Visual prompts to remind children of a task</li> <li>• Technology such as voice recorders</li> <li>• Modified arrangements for accessing tests</li> <li>• Enhanced transitions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dyslexia Gold</li> <li>• Precision teaching</li> <li>• Read, Write Inc. phonics</li> <li>• PiXL interventions</li> <li>• TT Rockstars</li> <li>• Pre and post teaching</li> <li>• PIVATS assessments</li> <li>• Coloured overlays</li> <li>• Clicker software</li> <li>• Referrals to specialist services</li> <li>• ATT</li> </ul>

# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?



## Communication and Interaction

<u>Possible needs/difficulties</u>	<u>Provision</u>		<u>Specific interventions and support</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding language (receptive)</li> <li>• Using language (expressive)</li> <li>• Understanding how to communicate with other people (social communication)</li> <li>• Attention and listening</li> <li>• Stammering</li> <li>• Conditions including Specific Language Disorder, speech sound disorders and Autism Spectrum Disorder</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery</li> <li>• Visual aids such as key vocabulary (word banks), mind maps and diagrams</li> <li>• Visual timetables and clear and consistent routines</li> <li>• Adult support to scaffold learning</li> <li>• Thinking time given before expecting a response</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recording devices</li> <li>• Individual workstations</li> <li>• Social stories</li> <li>• Enhanced transitions</li> <li>• Modelling of good language</li> <li>• Providing plenty of opportunities for speech throughout learning</li> <li>• Printed instructions and checklists</li> <li>• Individual timetables to support brain breaks and extra processing time</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NELI</li> <li>• Talk Boost</li> <li>• Referrals to speech and language</li> <li>• Specific speech and language intervention as directed by a speech therapist</li> <li>• THRIVE to support social communication</li> <li>• ARTiculate to support social communication</li> <li>• Referrals to specialist support</li> </ul>

# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?



## Social, Emotional and Mental Health Needs

<u>Possible needs/difficulties</u>	<u>Provision</u>		<u>Specific interventions and support</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Forming and maintaining relationships</li> <li>• Withdrawn and/or isolated</li> <li>• Anxiety</li> <li>• Behaviours that interfere with learning</li> <li>• Behaviours that pose a risk to themselves or others</li> <li>• Disorders such as ADHD, ADD, attachment disorder</li> <li>• Eating disorders</li> <li>• Low self-esteem</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery</li> <li>• RSHE curriculum that promotes health and wellbeing</li> <li>• A nurturing ethos across the school</li> <li>• Clear classroom routines, supported by the three reminders</li> <li>• Whole school behaviour approach</li> <li>• A Norfolk Steps approach to behaviour management</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Access to quiet space in the classroom</li> <li>• Mental health champion</li> <li>• Visual timetables and now and next boards</li> <li>• School council</li> <li>• LINKS cluster SEN group</li> <li>• E-safety teaching</li> <li>• Anti-bullying week</li> <li>• Classroom worry monsters</li> <li>• Enhanced transitions</li> <li>• Whole school THRIVE assessments</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• THRIVE/ELSA</li> <li>• ARTiculate</li> <li>• Nurture groups</li> <li>• Sensory circuits</li> <li>• Referrals to specialist support and multi-agency working including the Family Support Process</li> <li>• Lego therapy</li> <li>• Behaviour plans</li> <li>• Risk assessments</li> <li>• Reward charts</li> <li>• Norfolk Steps</li> <li>• Sensory</li> </ul>

# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?



## Sensory and/or Physical Needs

<u>Possible needs/difficulties</u>	<u>Provision</u>		<u>Specific interventions and support</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual impairment</li> <li>• Hearing impairment</li> <li>• Gross motor difficulties</li> <li>• Fine motor difficulties</li> <li>• Self-organisation for daily living</li> <li>• Diagnosed conditions such as cerebral palsy and dyspraxia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quality first teaching with appropriate differentiation in terms of work and delivery</li> <li>• An environment which values diversity and encourages respect</li> <li>• An accessible sight with adaptations made where needed</li> <li>• Printed copies of materials being used on the board</li> <li>• Seating adjustments dependent on physical or sensory barrier</li> <li>• Enhanced transition</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled toilets with medical bed</li> <li>• Specialist equipment including overlays, sloping board and pencil grips</li> <li>• Recording technology</li> <li>• Modified assessment papers</li> <li>• Additional scaffolding support from classroom teaching assistant</li> <li>• Writing on displays, on whiteboards and worksheets in a readable font</li> <li>• Left handed seating (where necessary) and equipment</li> <li>• Large print</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support from outside agencies such as physiotherapy and occupational therapy</li> <li>• Sensory circuits</li> <li>• Funky Fingers</li> <li>• Hulk Handwriting</li> <li>• Speed Up! Handwriting</li> <li>• ATT</li> <li>• Care plans</li> <li>• Ear defenders</li> <li>• Writing slopes</li> <li>• Referrals to specialist services including the virtual school.</li> </ul>

# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?



## SEN and EAL

“ Identifying and assessing SEN for young children whose first language is not English requires particular care.” (SEN Code of Practice, 2015)

Being able to speak more than one language is something we celebrate at Ashleigh.

When a child who has English as an additional language is being considered for having an SEN, we have to look carefully at all aspects of a child’s performance in different areas of learning and development to establish whether a lack of progress is due to limitations in their command of English or if it arises from SEN or a disability.

Difficulties related solely to limitations in English as an additional language are not SEN.

# What is our approach to teaching learners with SEN?

## Specialists and External Agencies



At Ashleigh, we will value the advice and expertise from specialists and external agencies. Wherever possible, we aim to implement the suggestions made. Below are some of the specialists we regularly work alongside:

### Access Through Technology

Can provide equipment to support children to access the curriculum

### Dyslexia Outreach

Provides dyslexia-friendly support and strategies.

### Educational Psychologist (EPSS)

Identify barriers to learning and underlying needs.

### Inclusion Team

Advice to support children who are finding accessing mainstream provision challenging.

### Just One Norfolk

Supports a range of health needs.

### Occupational therapist

Help support independence and can provide support around specific equipment.

### Paediatrician

Health needs and neurodevelopmental concerns

### Physiotherapist

Specialist assessment and intervention for children with physical difficulties

### Point 1

Supporting mental health for children

### School 2 School

Access to expertise from specialist provision schools in Norfolk, can offer training or support for a specific child.

### Speech and language therapist

Assessments of speech/language/communication needs and provide interventions.

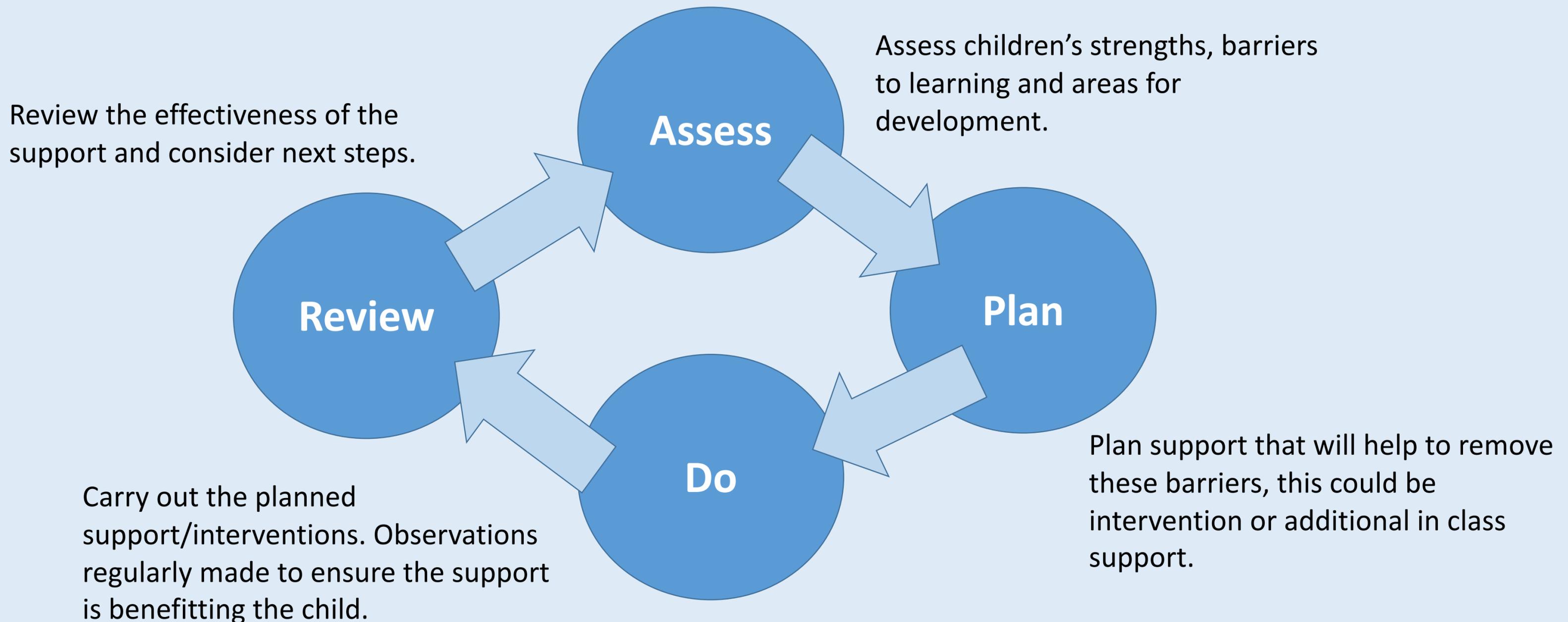
### Virtual School

Virtual School for Looked After Children and Virtual School Sensory Support

# How do we assess and review children's progress?

## The Graduated Approach

Once a child has been identified as having an SEN, we follow the four stages of assess, plan, do, review to ensure the individual needs of the child are being met. This cycle involves staff, parents and the child.



# How do we assess and review children's progress?

## All About Mes



As part of the graduated approach (our assess, plan, do, review), support is recorded on an All About Me which is written collaboratively with the parent and child.

<b>Child's name</b>				
<b>Date of birth:</b>		<b>Class:</b>	Maple	
<b>Teacher:</b>				
<b>Date of Plan:</b>		<b>Date of review:</b>		
<b>Areas of SEN need:</b>				
<b>Diagnoses:</b>				
<b>Step 1: Assess</b>				
<b>What I am good at:</b> <small>(Capture the views of teacher, child and parent)</small>		<b>How to help me to learn:</b> <small>(Strategies or approaches needed)</small>		<b>Other professionals/services who help me:</b>
✓				
<b>Things I find tricky:</b> <small>(barriers to learning – targets will be set to remove these)</small>		<b>What I can do now:</b> <small>(baseline in relation to barriers)</small>		<b>What I would like to be able to do:</b> <small>(long term target e.g. read my favourite book, to motivate the child in achieving their targets)</small>
1:		1:		1:
2:		2:		2:
3:		3:		3:

<b>Step 2: Plan</b>		<b>Step 3: Do</b>		<b>Step 4: Review</b>	
<b>What I want to do next:</b> <small>(target which is achievable in a term to work towards removing the barriers to learning)</small>		<b>How I will achieve this target:</b> <small>(action that is additional to and different from quality first teaching – include all interventions and how child can be supported at home)</small>		<b>How I got on with this target:</b> <small>(impact the target has had on the child's learning - next steps will be the new targets on next plan)</small>	
1:					
2:					
3:					
<b>Note: If a child achieves a target before the end of term, use a new copy of this page to set a new target</b>					
<b>Signed by child:</b>				<b>Date</b>	
<b>Signed by parent/ carer:</b>				<b>Date</b>	

# How do we assess and review children's progress?

## Assessment Tools



We use a range of assessments to help measure progress, from a specific starting point. Below are our most commonly used assessment tools:

- Boxall Profile (SEMH)
- THRIVE assessments (SEMH)
- PiXL assessments (cognition and learning)
- PiXL reading speed tests
- Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SEMH)
- NELI and Talk Boost assessments (speech and language)



Where necessary, we will commission external agencies (such as Educational Psychologists or Dyslexia Outreach) to complete more specialised assessments.

# How do we assess and review children's progress? Applying for an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)



“The majority of children and young people with SEN or disabilities will have their needs met within local mainstream early years settings, schools or colleges. Some children and young people may require an EHC needs assessment in order for the local authority to decide whether it is necessary for it to make provision in accordance with an EHC plan.” (SEN Code of Practice, 2015)

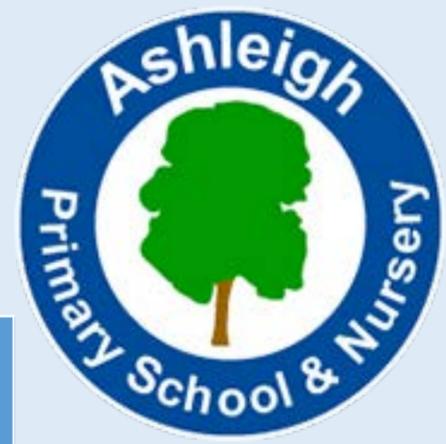
The following people can request an Education, Health and Care needs assessment for a child:

- The child's parent
- A young person between the ages of 16 and 25
- A person acting on behalf of a school

Where a child has an EHCP, there will be an annual review held which will take into account the views of the child, parent or carer and any other professionals involved with the child.

More information can be found here: <https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer/education-and-learning/support-for-learning/education-health-and-care-ehc-plans>

# What are our roles and responsibilities?



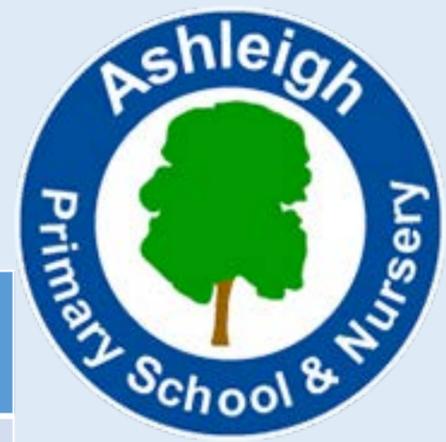
## Headteacher

- Managing the day to day life of all aspects of the school, including the support for children with SEND.
- Ensuring the governing body is kept up to date about issues relating to SEND.
- Ensuring that the school is implementing a broad and balanced curriculum for all of its learners.
- Ensuring the school has ambitious expectations for all pupils, including those with SEND.
- Appointing a SENCo
- Supports the SENCo in ensuring the school is fulfilling its statutory duties in line with the Code of Practice.

## SENDCo

- Ensuring staff are aware of individual children's needs and ensuring that reasonable adjustments are in place so that they are able to access the curriculum.
- Liaising with outside agencies to ensure appropriate support is in place.
- Liaising with new schools (particularly secondary school) around transition.
- Ensuring All About Mes are in place and assessing intervention grids for effectiveness.
- Applying for additional funding for high needs pupils.
- Managing the SEND budget and buying appropriate resources.
- Updating the school's SEND register
- Applying for EHCP assessments and reviewing these annually.
- Reviewing the school's SEND policy and SEN Information Report.
- Providing specialist support and training for teachers and support staff.

# What are our roles and responsibilities?



## Class teacher

- Monitoring the progress of the children in their class and as a result, planning any additional support that they may need and making reasonable adjustments to meet the needs of any pupil with SEN.
- Complete regular assessments (in line with the school assessment policy) to monitor progress.
- Plan and assess the effectiveness of interventions.
- Use ongoing assessments to write and review All About Mes, alongside the pupil and their parents.
- Attend school training related to SEN.
- Ensuring that the school's SEND Policy, SEN Information Report, Anti Bullying Policy, Accessibility Policy, Behaviour Policy and Equality Policy are followed in their classroom and for all the pupils they teach with any SEND.
- Working with parents/carers, pastoral staff, SENDCo and outside agencies to support your child's individual needs.
- Attend termly pupil progress meetings to discuss the needs of children with SEN.
- Working with parents/carers, pastoral staff, SENDCo and outside agencies to support your child's individual needs.

## Teaching assistants

- Working with the class teacher to ensure the needs of any children with SEND are being met in order for them to access the curriculum.
- Delivering high quality small group and 1:1 evidence based interventions.
- Encouraging children to remain focused on their learning and helping to scaffold learning where necessary.
- Observing and recording achievements and concerns.
- Empowering pupils to develop effective strategies that enable them to become independent learners.
- Supporting the implementation of differentiation and specialist support strategies in the classroom.
- Supporting pupils to use and then develop independence with resources such as ATT laptops, coloured overlays etc.

# What are our roles and responsibilities?



## SEN governor

- Making sure the necessary support is given for any child who attends the school, who has SEN.
- Meeting with the SENCo to evaluate the effectiveness of the school's work with SEN pupils and their families.
- Looking at the school data to measure and assess the progress of pupils with SEN.
- Raising awareness of SEN at governor meetings.
- Reviewing policies linked to SEN and ensuring the SEN Information Report is compliant.

# How do we involve the children and their parents/carers in their education?



Parent	Child
<p>Attend parent meetings twice a year and any additional meetings to discuss progress and next steps.</p> <p>Contribute towards the termly All About Mes (and/or behaviour plans).</p> <p>Communicate with staff in person, via email or via the home learning platform (e.g. SeeSaw or Tapestry).</p> <p>Where necessary, meet and communicate with external agencies that are involved with supporting their child.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Contribute to their All About Me, identifying their areas of strength, difficulties and what helps them within the classroom.</li><li>• Take part in interventions.</li><li>• Talk to adults about any concerns or worries that they may be feeling</li><li>• Use resources to aid their learning and use these to help develop independence.</li></ul>

# What additional support is available to children with SEN?



## Medical Needs

Any child that has a medical need, has a care plan and in some cases, a risk assessment. These are reviewed annually (or whenever there is a change is need, whichever is sooner). There are staff in every year group qualified in First Aid.

Any child that is unable to attend school due to a medical need will be referred to the Medical Needs Team. More information can be found using the following link:

<https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer/education-and-learning/how-education-providers-support/medical-needs-education-provision>

## Extra-curricular activities

We believe that all learners are entitled to access extra-curricular activities and therefore we are committed to making reasonable adjustments to ensure participation for all. These include music lessons, football, dodgeball and dance.

There is also our breakfast and after-school club which is available to all pupils.

## Access Arrangements

We understand that some children may need additional support in order to access exams. Arrangements should never benefit or disadvantage a child and any agreed support is based on normal classroom practice. Access arrangements are agreed on a case by case basis but could include scribes, larger print, rest breaks, readers and additional time.

# How do we help children to prepare for the next step in their lives?



From Nursery to School	Moving Within the School	Moving to a New School
<p>Transitions between our nursery teacher (or alternative nursery provision) and reception teachers to discuss strategies to support the child.</p> <p>Home visits</p> <p>Additional visits to the school to become familiar with environment, where necessary.</p> <p>Staggered and phased start to reception.</p> <p>Transition morning/afternoon</p>	<p>Transitions between current class teacher and new class teacher to discuss strategies to support the child.</p> <p>Transition day</p> <p>For some children with SEN, there will be a transition meeting with current class teacher, new class teacher and parents.</p> <p>Additional activities where needed such as transition booklets/pic collages.</p>	<p>Transition conversations between SENCo and SENCo at the new school.</p> <p>Additional visits to the new school, where possible.</p> <p>SEN records shared with the new school.</p> <p>In some cases, staff from the new setting will visit the child in their current setting.</p> <p>Transition days</p>

# What SEN training opportunities have the staff received?



The school SENCo received the National Award in Special Educational Needs Coordination (NASENCo) in July 2019. The deputy head also holds this award.

Further training recently completed by staff:

- Step On training
- Step Up training
- Working memory training
- Precision teaching
- ARTiculate training
- Sensory circuit training
- TalkBoost training
- PIVATS training
- Acquired brain injury training
- SENCo attends SEND forum which provides updates from local authority SEN advisors
- SENCo attends Essential SENCo Network which provides updates and training opportunities



## Future training:

Staff training is regularly reviewed and assessed in line with the needs of the children. Upcoming training currently involves how we can support our learners with SEN with reading.

# How has school funding supported SEN provision?



Information on how much notional funding the school receives can be found here:

<https://csapps.norfolk.gov.uk/BudgetShare/default.aspx>

Funding for financial year 2021-2022: £99,163

## How notional funding has been used:

- Access to specialist services, including Educational Psychologists and the Dyslexia Outreach team.
- Specialist resources.
- Additional adult support
- Staff training

## Element 3 funding:

If a child has needs that cannot be met within the school's notional funding budget, element 3 and exceptional needs funding can be applied for.

# What support services are available for parents and carers of children with SEN?



## Norfolk SENDIASS (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Information, Advice and Support Service)

SENDIASS offer information, advice and support to children, young people and parents/carers about special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). This includes health and social care where it is linked to education. They are a free, dedicated, confidential and impartial service based in Norwich. Staff are independently trained in SEND.

Website  : <https://www.norfolksendiass.org.uk/>

Phone  : 01603 704070

To find out more about what they can offer, click on the image below:



# What support services are available for parents and carers of children with SEN?



Organisation	What do they do?	Contact details
Just One Norfolk	Single point of access for all Norfolk Healthy Child Services including speech and language therapy.	Phone 📞: 0300 300 0123 Website 🖱️: <a href="https://www.justonenorfolk.nhs.uk/">https://www.justonenorfolk.nhs.uk/</a>
Family Voice Norfolk	Ran by parents and carers of children with special educational needs and/or disabilities in Norfolk. Their aim is to improve services for children by ensuring that families' voices are heard by decision makers.	Phone 📞: 07950 302937 Website 🖱️: <a href="https://www.familyvoice.org.uk/">https://www.familyvoice.org.uk/</a>
Ormiston Families	Providing a range of services to support positive mental health across Norfolk.	Phone 📞: 01473 724517 Website 🖱️: <a href="https://www.ormiston.org/what-we-do/mental-health-and-wellbeing/">https://www.ormiston.org/what-we-do/mental-health-and-wellbeing/</a>
Benjamin Foundation	Helping children overcome challenges, including emotional wellbeing support.	Phone 📞: 01603 615670 Website 🖱️: <a href="https://benjaminfoundation.co.uk/">https://benjaminfoundation.co.uk/</a>
Norfolk Early Help and Family Support	A service offering help and support for family difficulties or for parents who are worried about their children.	Website 🖱️: <a href="https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/early-help-and-family-support/get-early-help-and-family-support">https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/early-help-and-family-support/get-early-help-and-family-support</a>



# What is the Norfolk Local Offer?

“Local authorities must publish a Local Offer, setting out in one place information about provision they expect to be available across education, health and social care for children and young people in their area who have SEN or are disabled, including those who do not have Education, Health and Care (EHC) plans.”

It has two key purposes:

1. To provide clear, comprehensive, accessible and up-to-date information about the available provision and how to access it.
2. To make provision more responsive to local needs and aspirations by directly involving disabled children and those with SEN and their parents, and disabled young people and those with SEN, and service providers in its development and review.

It can be accessed by clicking on the link: <https://www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer>

This Ashleigh SEN Information Report for 2021-2022 forms part of the Norfolk Local Offer for learners with Special Educational Needs (SEND).

# Links to school policies



[Accessibility Policy](#)

[Behaviour Policy](#)

[Equality Policy](#)

[Medical Needs Policy](#)

[Positive Mental Health  
Policy](#)

[Safeguarding Policy](#)

[SEND Policy](#)

[Touch and Physical  
Contact Policy](#)

# Useful Links



SEND Code of Practice: 

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/send-code-of-practice-0-to-25>

Autism Educational Trust:  [www.autismeducationtrust.org.uk](http://www.autismeducationtrust.org.uk)

ASD Helping Hands:  [www.asdhelpinghands.org.uk](http://www.asdhelpinghands.org.uk)

Benjamin Foundation:  [www.benjaminfoundation.co.uk](http://www.benjaminfoundation.co.uk)

British Dyslexia Association:  [www.bdadyslexia.org.uk](http://www.bdadyslexia.org.uk)

Dyslexia-SpLD Trust:  [www.thedyslexia-spldtrust.org.uk](http://www.thedyslexia-spldtrust.org.uk)

Dyspraxia Foundation:  [www.dyspraxiafoundation.org.uk](http://www.dyspraxiafoundation.org.uk)

Ormiston Families:  <https://www.ormiston.org/>



## Have your say:

This SEN report declares our annual offer to learners with SEN, but to be effective it needs the views of all parents/carers, learners, governors and staff. Please contact us with any thoughts, opinions and ideas; we would love to hear them!

### What can I do if I am not happy with the SEN provision for my child?

At Ashleigh, we aim to support all children to the best of our ability. However, if you have any concerns about the SEN provision for your child, please contact the class teacher in the first instance. If the situation cannot be resolved, please contact the SENDCo.

For further information about our complaints procedure, please see our complaints policy, using the link below:

<http://www.ashleighprimary.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/Complaints-Policy-Nov-2018.pdf>